



**Hon. Nishikant Bhosale-Patil  
(Dada)**

Founder, Prakash Shikshan  
Mandal, Islampur



Prakash Shikshan Mandal's

**LOKNETE RAJARAMBAPU PATIL**

AYURVEDIC MEDICAL COLLEGE, HOSPITAL,

P.G. INSTITUTE AND RESEARCH CENTER, ISLAMPUR

DIST-SANGLI (MAHARASHTRA) INDIA

## DEPARTMENT OF DRAVYAGUNA



## ATIBALA

**Marathi:**

**Botanical name:**

**Synonyms:**

**Family:**

**Common name:**

**Description:**

Indian Mallow is an erect velvety-pubescent shrub with circular-ovate or heart-shaped leaves with coarsely crenate-serrate margins. The plant can reach up to 1-2 m. The leaves are alternately arranged, and have long stalks and have velvety, soft, pale hairs on them. Orange-yellow flowers, 2-3 cm across, occur solitary in axils, on long stalks, 4-7 cm. Orange-yellow petals are triangular-obovate, 1 cm long or slightly more, staminal-tube hairy with stellate hairs. Fruit is quite interesting - it is circular in shape, consisting of 11-20 radiating hairy carpels, brown when dry; each carpel flattened, somewhat boatshaped. Seeds are kidney-shaped. The plant is a weed commonly found on disturbed land. Flowering: September-April.

**Attributes :**

Petari

Abutilon indicum

Sidaindica, Abutilon asiaticum, Abutilon arborescens

Malvaceae (Mallow family)

Indian Mallow, Country Mallow, Abutilon, Indian abutilon

Ras – Madhur Vipak – Madhur Virya – Sheet

Guna – Laghu, Snigdha, Piccila

**Medicinal uses:**

Extract of water-soaked dried seeds is used as purgative. Leaves are used as tonic. Roots are taken as infusion in fever.